查询WP793YD供应商

Kingbright

8mm ROUND LED LAMP

Part Number: WP793YD Yellow

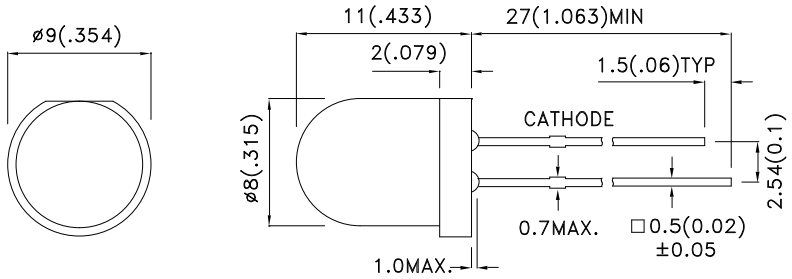
Features

- 8mm DIAMETER BIG LAMP.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- I.C.COMPATIBLE.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- RoHS COMPLIANT.

Description

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

Package Dimensions



Notes:
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01") unless otherwise noted.
3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Selection Guide

Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	Iv (mcd) [2] @ 20mA		Viewing Angle [1]
			Min.	Typ.	2θ1/2
WP793YD	Yellow (GaAsP/GaP)	YELLOW DIFFUSED	18	50	30°

Notes:
1. θ1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 the optical centerline value.
2. Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%.

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

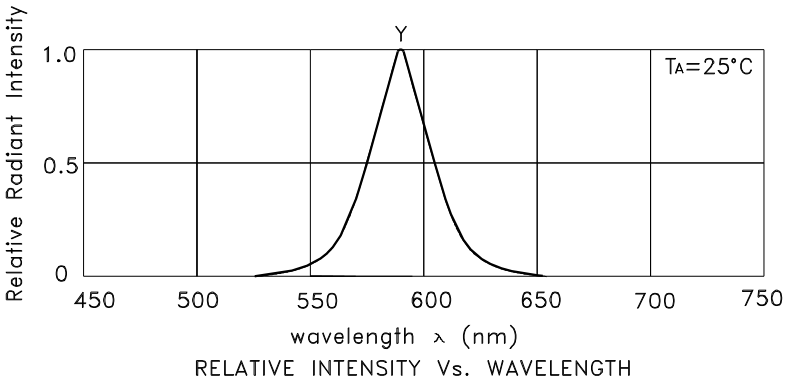
Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λpeak	Peak Wavelength	Yellow	590		nm	I_F=20mA
λD [1]	Dominant Wavelength	Yellow	588		nm	I_F=20mA
Δλ1/2	Spectral Line Half-width	Yellow	35		nm	I_F=20mA
C	Capacitance	Yellow	20		pF	V_F=0V;f=1MHz
V_F [2]	Forward Voltage	Yellow	2.1	2.5	V	I_F=20mA
I_R	Reverse Current	Yellow		10	uA	V_R = 5V

Notes:
1.Wavelength: +/-1nm.
2. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

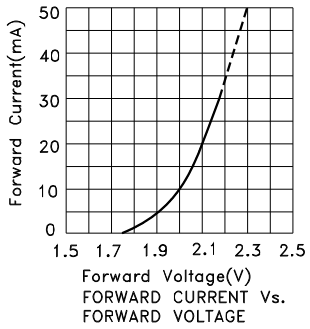
Parameter	Yellow	Units
Power dissipation	75	mW
DC Forward Current	30	mA
Peak Forward Current [1]	140	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating/Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C	
Lead Solder Temperature [2]	260°C For 3 Seconds	
Lead Solder Temperature [3]	260°C For 5 Seconds	

Notes:
1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
2. 2mm below package base.
3. 5mm below package base.

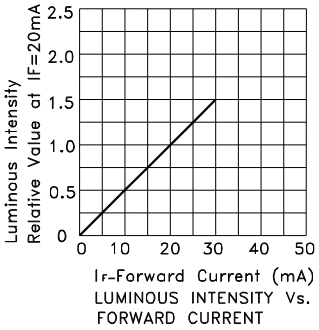


RELATIVE INTENSITY Vs. WAVELENGTH

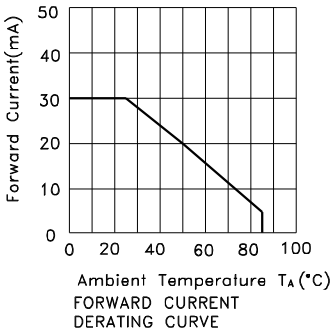
Yellow **WP793YD**



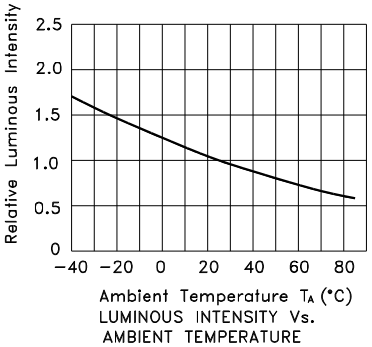
FORWARD CURRENT Vs.
FORWARD VOLTAGE



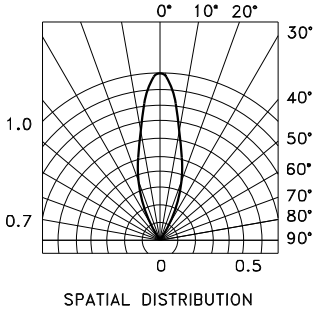
LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs.
FORWARD CURRENT



FORWARD CURRENT
DERATING CURVE



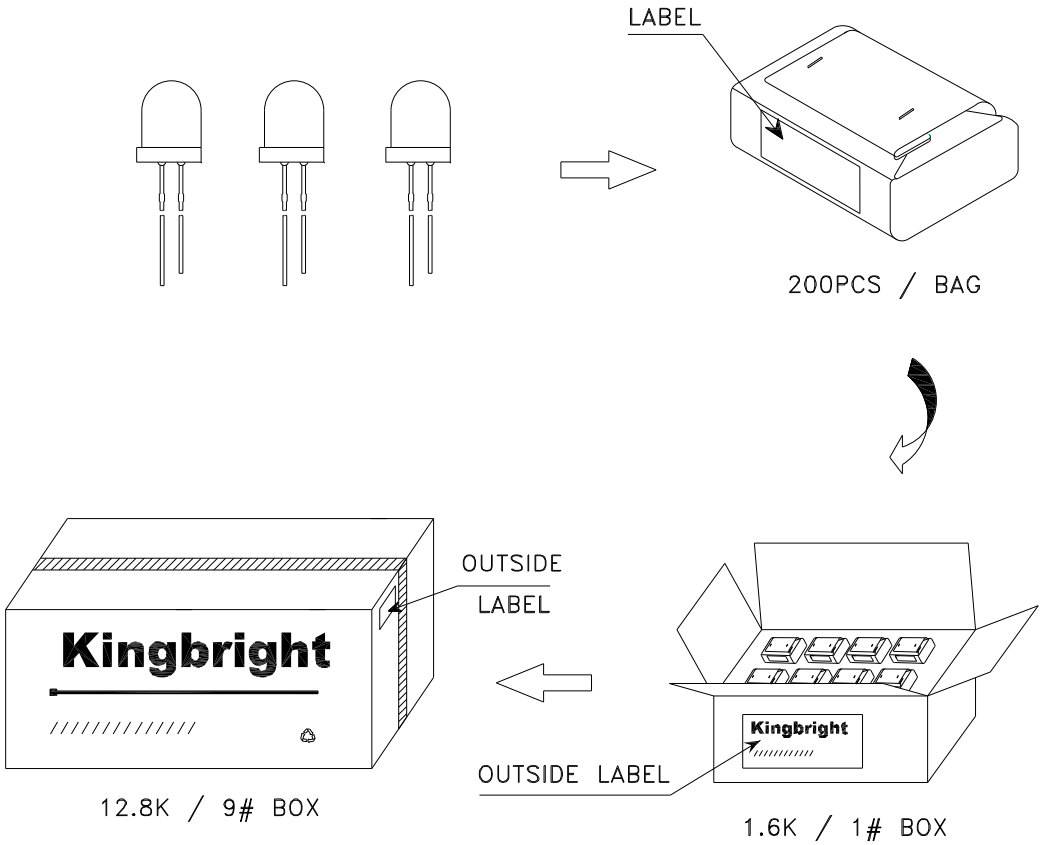
LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

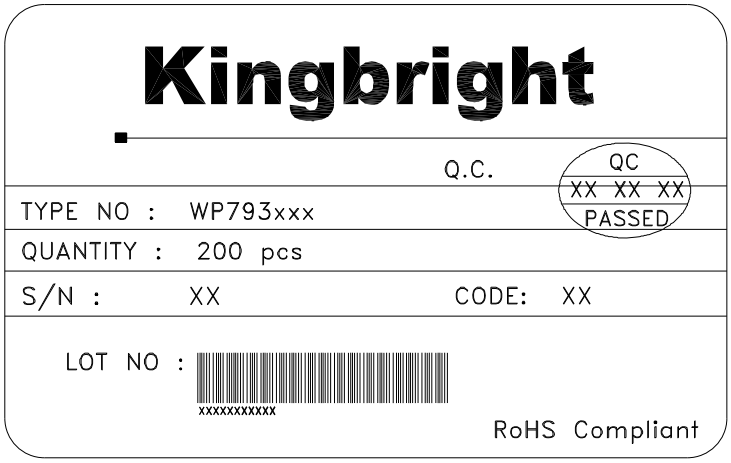


SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

Kingbright

PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS **WP793YD**





LED MOUNTING METHOD

1. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures.
(Fig. 1)

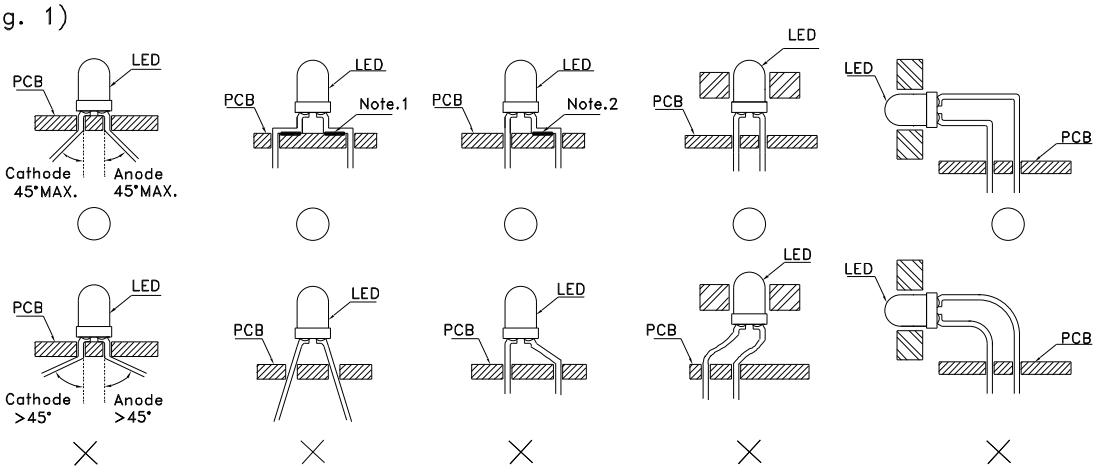


Fig.1

"○" Correct mounting method "×" Incorrect mounting method

Note 1-2 : Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the leadframe and the PCB to prevent short-circuits.

2. When soldering wire to the LED, use individual heat-shrink tubing to insulate the exposed leads to prevent accidental contact short-circuit.
(Fig. 2)

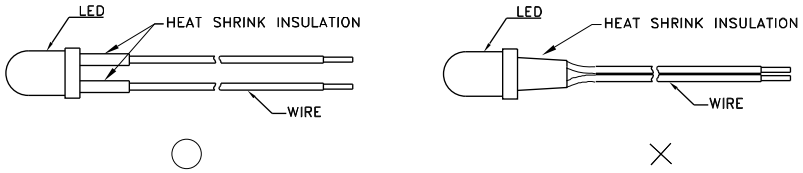


Fig. 2

3. Use stand-offs (Fig. 3) or spacers (Fig. 4) to securely position the LED above the PCB.

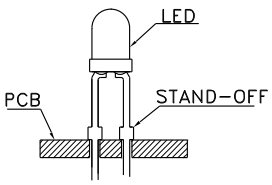


Fig. 3

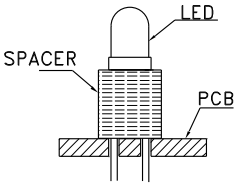


Fig. 4

LEAD FORMING PROCEDURES

1. Maintain a minimum of 2mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend. (Fig. 5 and 6)

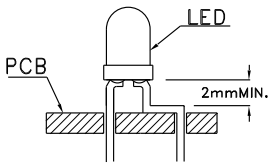


Fig. 5

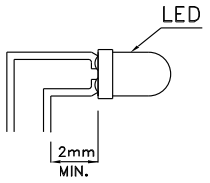


Fig. 6

2. Lead forming or bending must be performed before soldering, never during or after Soldering.
3. Do not stress the LED lens during lead-forming in order to fractures in the lens epoxy and damage the internal structures.
4. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (Fig. 7)
5. Do not bend the leads more than twice. (Fig. 8)

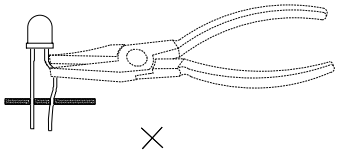


Fig. 7

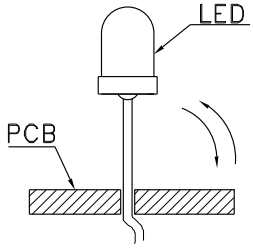


Fig. 8

6. After soldering or other high-temperature assembly, allow the LED to cool down to 50°C before applying outside force (Fig. 9). In general, avoid placing excess force on the LED to avoid damage. For any questions please consult with Kingbright representative for proper handling procedures.

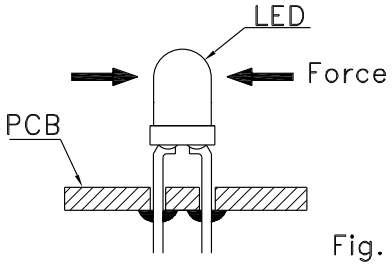


Fig. 9